

1.2 Engineering Disciplines

Dr. Tarek A. Tutunji
Philadelphia University, Jordan

Preview

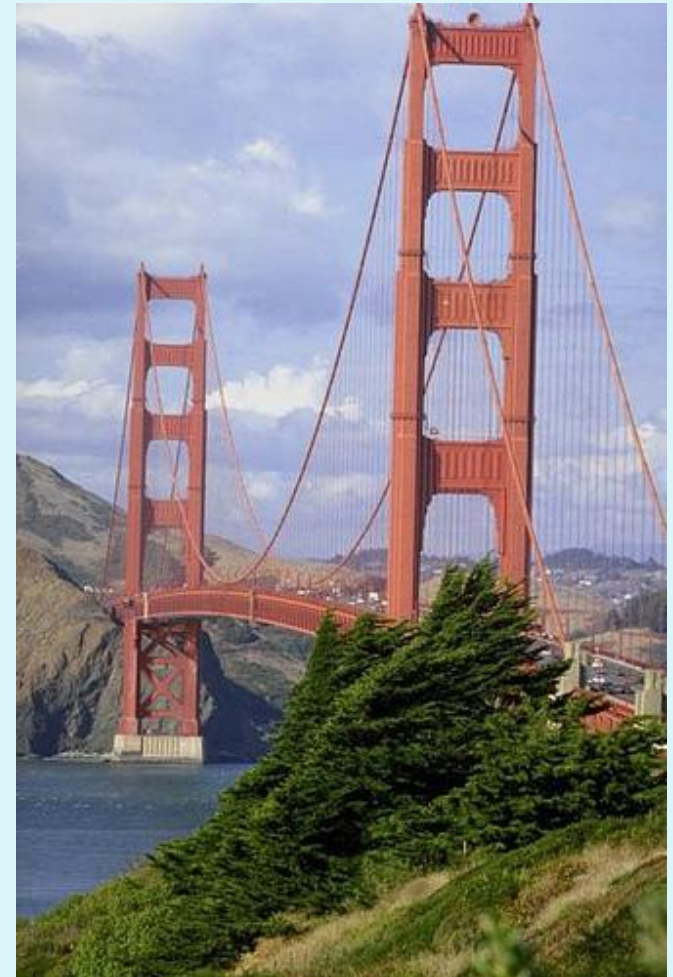
- In the last sequence, engineering was defined and a brief history of engineering was provided
- In this sequence, engineering disciplines (such as mechanical ,electrical, industrial, ...) will be described

Engineering Disciplines

- Civil Engineering
- Mechanical Engineering
- Electrical Engineering
- Computer Engineering
- Mechatronics Engineering
- Industrial Engineering
- Aerospace Engineering
- Chemical Engineering
- Biomedical Engineering
- Materials Engineering
- Nuclear Engineering
- Petroleum Engineering
- Architectural Engineering
- Agricultural Engineering

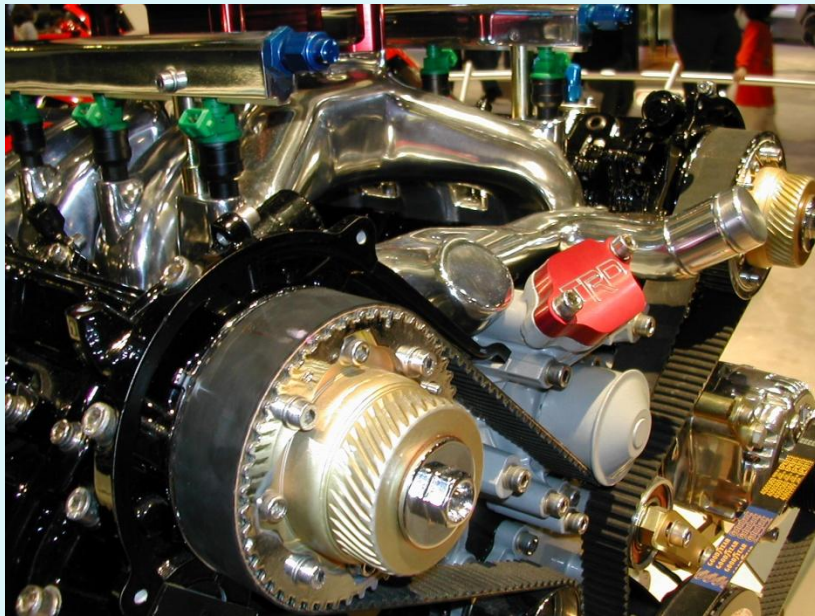
Civil Engineering

- Civil engineering is considered the oldest engineering profession.
- Civil engineers are responsible for constructing large-scale projects such as roads, buildings, airports, dams, water systems, and bridges.
- Civil engineers specialize in construction management, environment, soil and rock analysis, structures, transportation, and water resources.



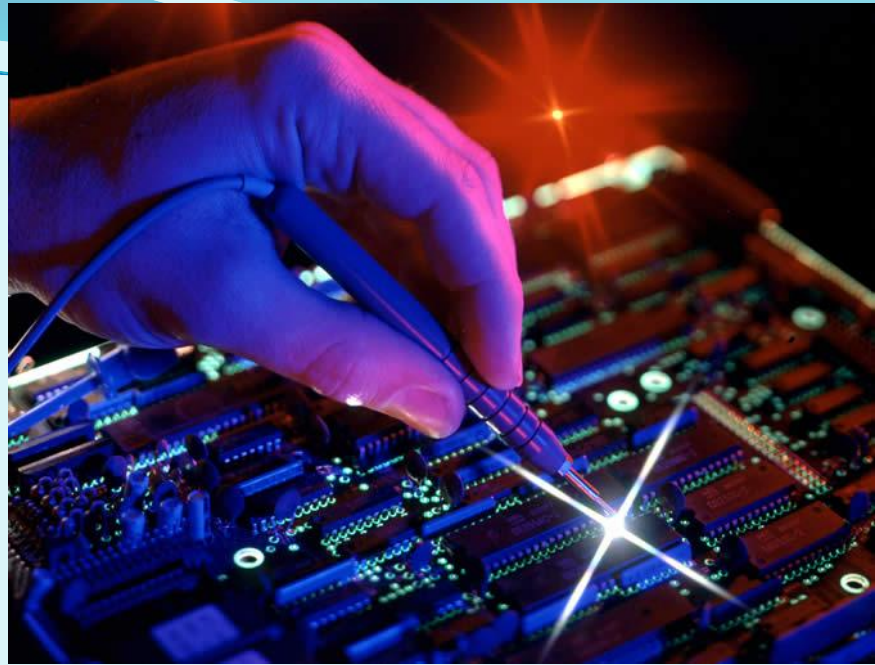
Mechanical Engineering

- Mechanical engineers design and develop engines, vehicles, machine tools, heat exchangers, industrial process equipment, heating systems, and air conditioning systems.
- Mechanical engineers specialize in structure and fluid mechanics, materials, and thermodynamics.



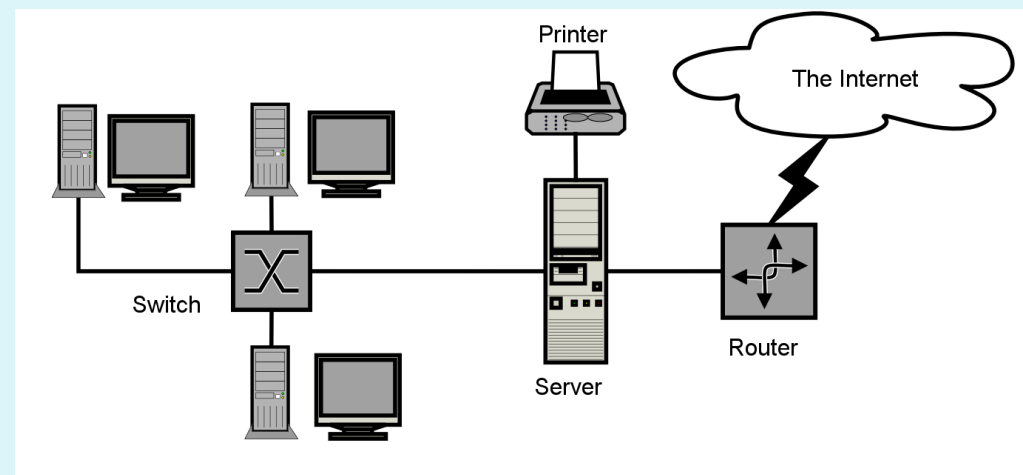
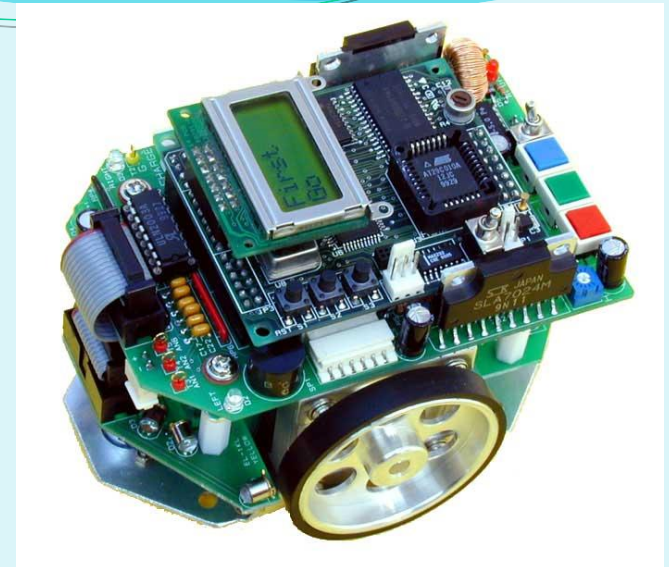
Electrical Engineering

- Power Electrical Engineers specialize in power transmission design and build electric generators, transformers, electric motors, and other high-power equipment.
- Communication and Electronics Engineers specialize in information transmission design and build radios, televisions, computers, instrumentation, controllers, and communication equipment.



Computer Engineering

- Computer engineers design and build personal & network computers and write applications software.
- Computer engineers specialize in programming, software applications, operating systems, networking, and digital design.

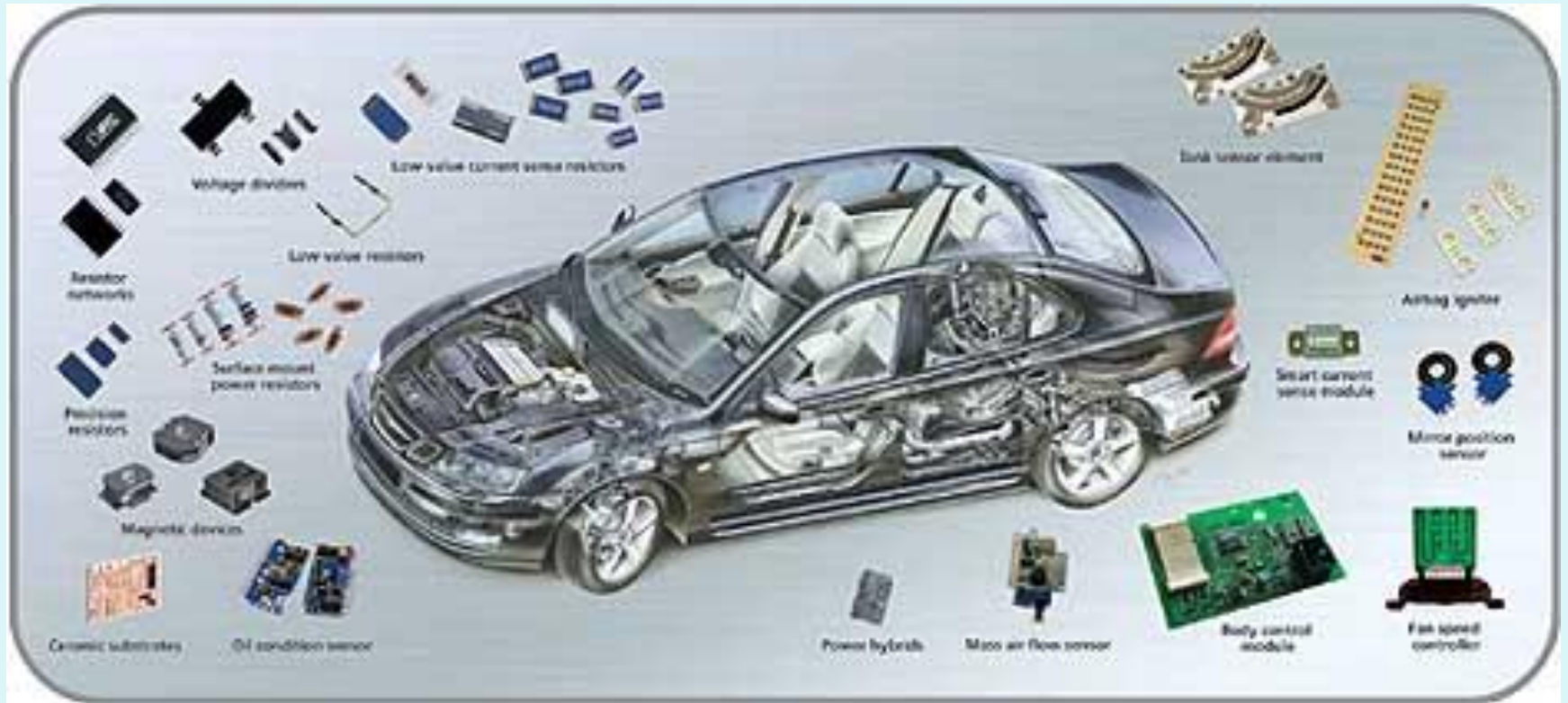


Mechatronics Engineering

- Mechatronics engineers combine the knowledge of electronic, mechanical, and computer engineers in order to design and build fully integrated engineering systems.
- Mechatronic systems use electronics and computers to control mechanical processes.

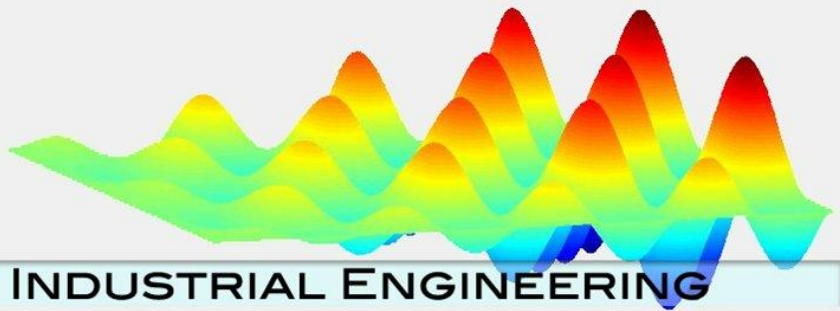






Industrial Engineering

- Industrial engineers combine engineering with management.
- Industrial engineers develop, design, install, and operate integrated systems of people, machinery, and information to produce either goods or services.
- Industrial engineers specialize in manufacturing, facility design, ergonomics, management, and quality control.



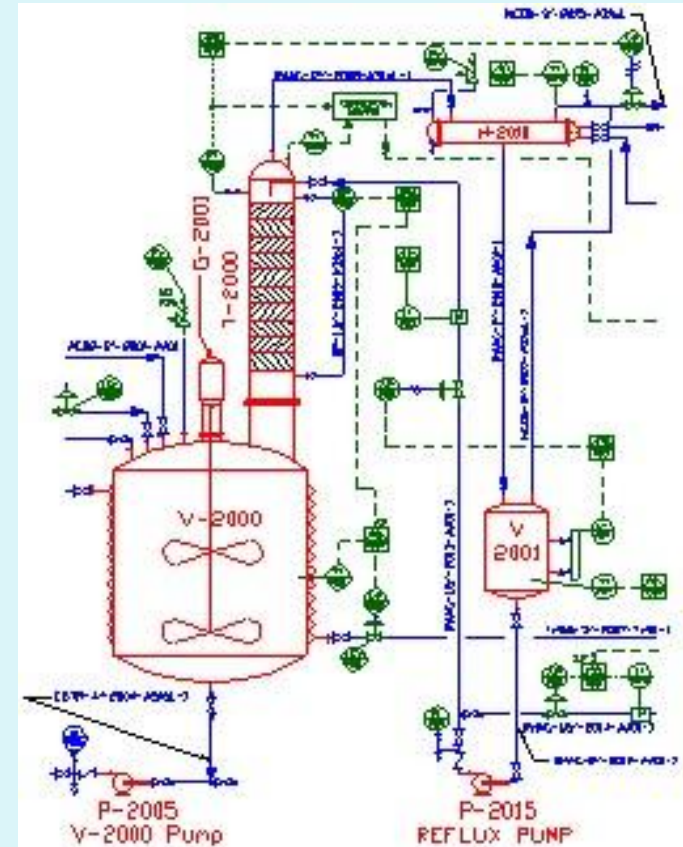
Aerospace Engineering

- Aerospace engineering is considered a branch of mechanical engineering
- Aerospace engineers design and build flight vehicles and automobiles.
- Aerospace engineers work with aerodynamics, structural design & materials selection, propulsion systems , and guidance & control systems



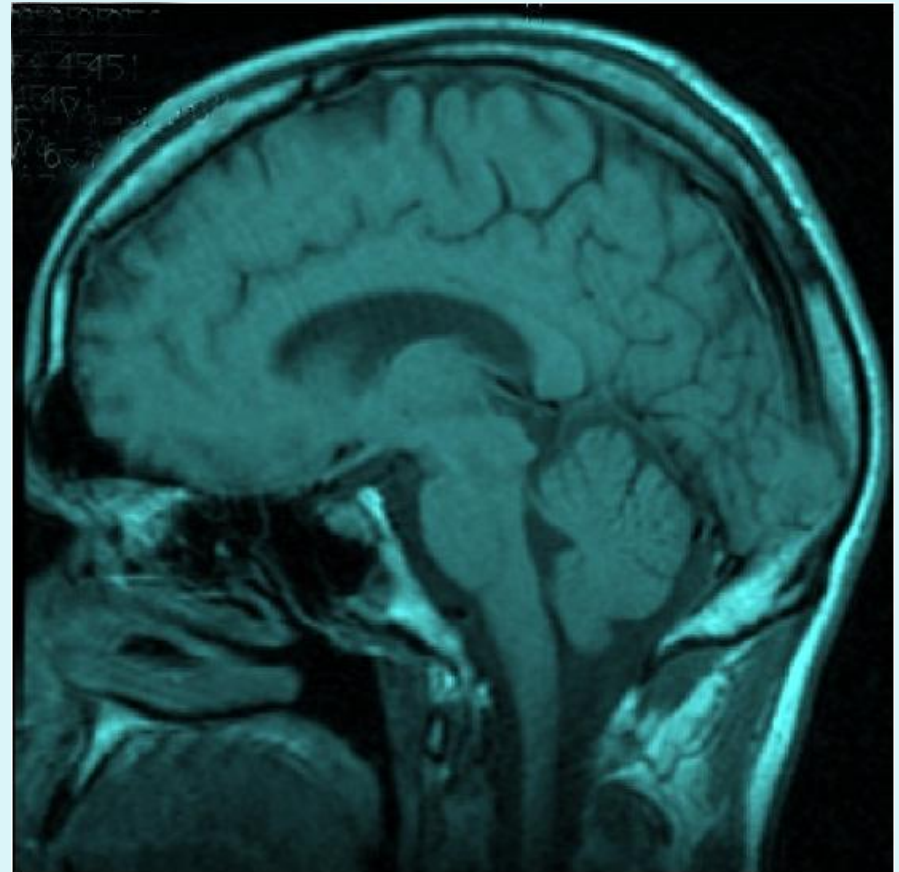
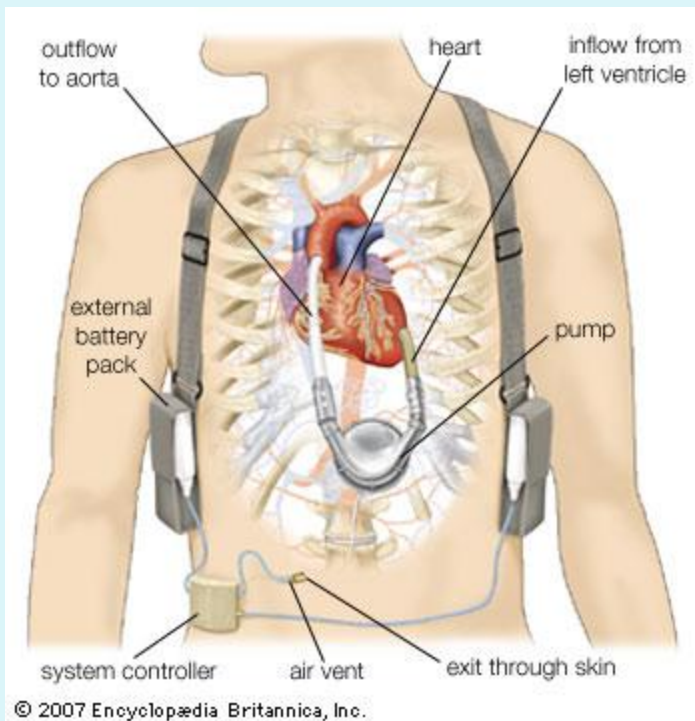
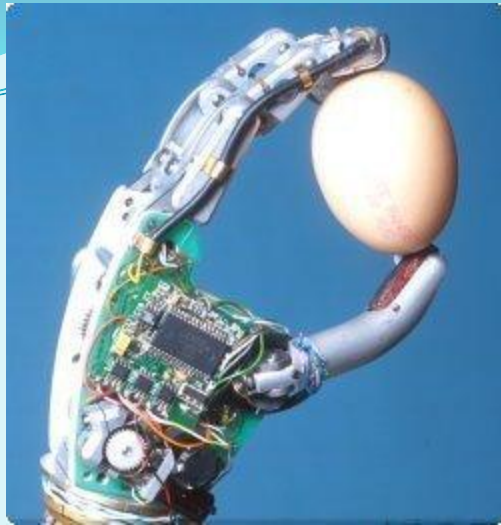
Chemical Engineering

- Chemical engineers process raw materials into refined products.
- Chemical engineers work with a variety of products such as: fuels, plastics, fibers, food products, paper products, and consumer products.



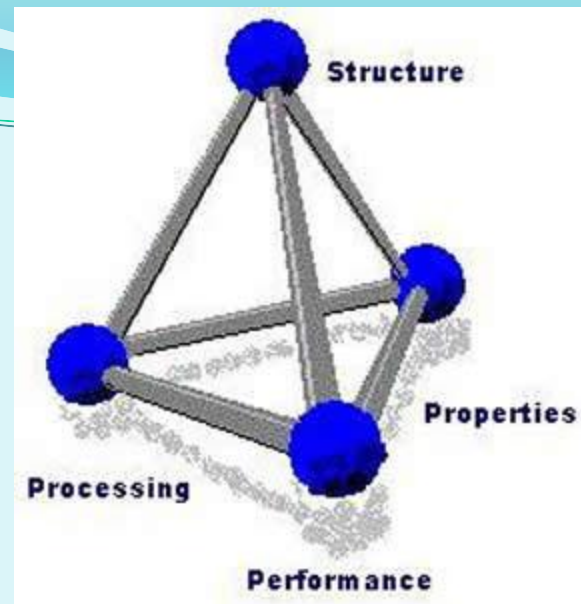
Biomedical Engineering

- Biomedical engineers combine traditional engineering fields with medicine and human physiology.
- Biomedical engineers specialize in biomaterials, biomechanics, and medical devices.



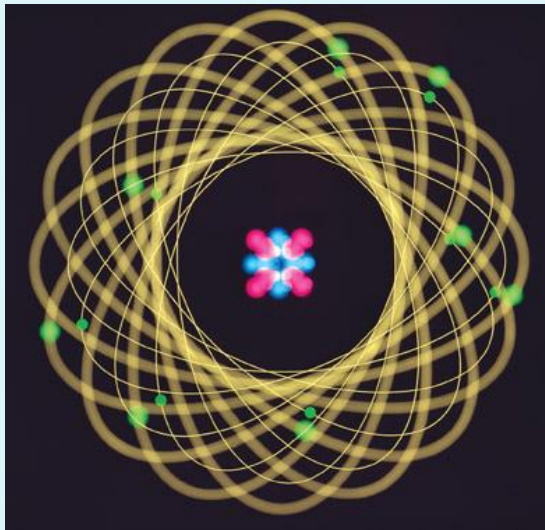
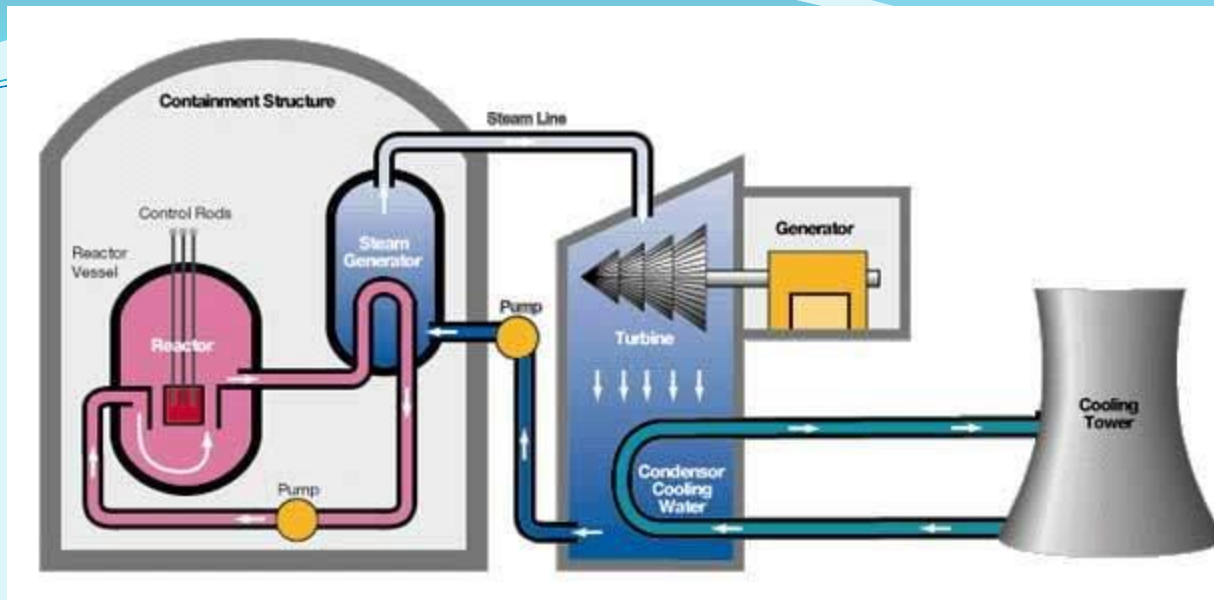
Materials Engineering

- Material engineers are concerned with obtaining the materials required by modern societies.
- Material engineers develop advanced materials (ceramics, plastics, metals, and polymers) for useful applications.



Nuclear Engineering

- Nuclear engineers design systems that employ nuclear energy, such as nuclear power plants, nuclear ships, and nuclear spacecrafts.
- Nuclear engineers use a combination of physics and engineering to develop systems.



Petroleum Engineering

- Petroleum engineering focus is on the identification, extraction, storage, and transportation of oil and gas.
- Petroleum engineers specialize in oil/gas analysis & estimation and well drilling equipment & operations.

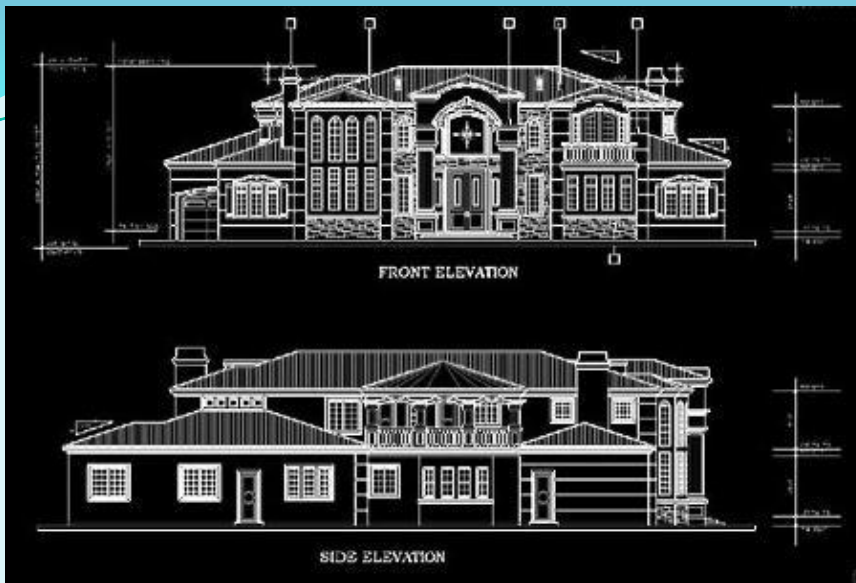


Engineering Skills, Philadelphia University

Dr. Tarek A. Tutunji

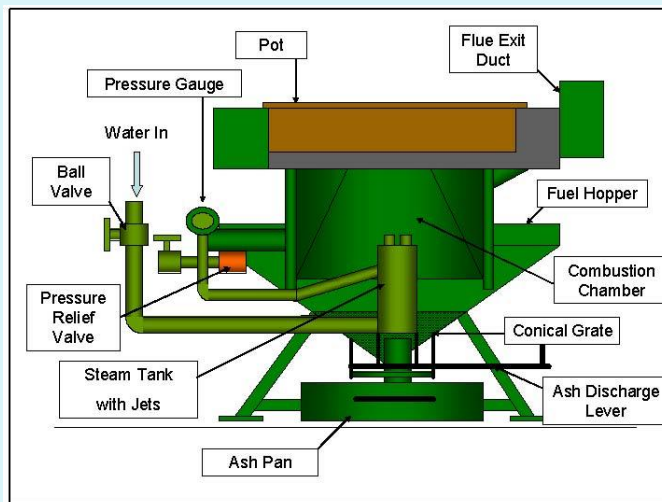
Architectural Engineering

- Architectural engineers combine the knowledge of structures, materials, lightning, acoustics, drawings, and art to design and build commercial and residential structures.
- They specialize in structural systems, mechanical and electrical systems (as related to buildings), and construction management.



Agricultural Engineering

- Agricultural engineers help farmers to efficiently produce food.
- Agricultural engineers work with the production and processing of agricultural products.
- Agricultural engineers specialize in agriculture equipment & technology, land & water management, and biotechnology.



Conclusions

- Engineering can be divided into several disciplines.
- Those disciplines sometimes overlap.
- The big four are: Civil, Mechanical, Electrical, and Computer